

St Aloysius College (Autonomous) Mangaluru

Re-accredited by NAAC "A" Grade

Course structure and syllabus of

B.A.

HISTORY

Under NEP Regulations, 2021

ಸಂತ ಅಲೋಶಿಯಸ್ ಕಾಲೇಜು (ಸ್ವಾಯತ್ತ) ಮಂಗಳೂರು- 575 003



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Re-accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade - CGPA 3.62 Recognised by UGC as "College with Potential for Excellence" College with 'STAR STATUS' conferred by DBT, Government of India 3rd Rank in "Swacch Campus" Scheme, by MHRD, Govt of India

No: SAC 40/Syllabus 2019-20

Date: 18-07-2019

NOTIFICATION

Sub: Syllabus of B.A. History under Choice Based Credit System.

Ref: 1. Decision of the Academic Council meeting held on 02-05-2019 vide Agenda No: 13(2019-20)
2. Office Notification dated 18-07-2019

Pursuant to the above, the Syllabus of B.A. History under Choice Based Credit System which was approved by the Academic Council at its meeting held on 02-05-2019 is hereby notified for implementation with effect from the academic year 2019-20.

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REGISTRAR

To:

- I The Chairman/Dean/HOD.
- 2. The Registrar Office
- 3. Library

PRINCIPAL

A meeting of the Board of Study in History was held on 18th November 2021

Members present:

- 1. Prof. Nagendra Rao
- 2. Dr SK Aruni
- 3. Dr Satish Kumar Shetty
- 4. Mr Gopal K
- 5. Dr Meenakshi Lokesh
- 6. Ms Jilsha Mary- student representative
- 7. Dr Denis Fernandes- Internal Member
- 8. Dr Vishanz Pinto- Chairperson.

A meeting of the Board of Studies in History was held on 18th June 2022 at 10.00 a.m. at Sanidhya Hall of the Administrative Block in the College.

Members present:

- 1. Prof. Nagendra Rao- Professor Department of History Goa Subject Expert
- Dr SK Aruni- Director- Indian Council of Historical Research, Bangalore -Allied Field- Guest
- 3. Dr Satish Kumar Shetty- Principal, Besant Women College, Mangalore-Distinguished Alumni
- Mr Gopal K- Associate Professor, Bhandarkar's College, Kundapur, Udupi-Subject Expert
- Dr Hubert Watson- Principal, Karnataka Theological College, Balmatta, Mangalore-Allied Field
- 6. Ms Jilsha Mary- III BA -student representative
- 7. Dr Denis Fernandes- Member
- 8. Dr Vishanz Pinto- Chairperson.

Syllabus of Third and Fourth Semesters- Papers/Courses are based on the recommendations of Higher Education Council of Karnataka State.

Board of Studies Meeting of the Department of History was held on $\underline{6^{th}}$ <u>February, 2022</u>

Members of BOS:

- 1. Prof. Nagendra Rao, -Professor, Department of History, Goa University. **Subject Expert.**
- 2. Dr SK Aruni, Director, -Bangalore Region, Indian Council of Historical Research-Special Invitee.
- Dr Satish Kumar Shetty Principal Besant Women College, Mangalore.
 Alumni
- 4. Mr Gopal K- Associate Professor, Bhandarkar's College, Kundapur, Udupi- Subject Expert
- 5. Prof. Nirmal Raju, Professor, Department of History, Mangalore University, University Representative
- 6. Dr Hubert Watson- Principal, Karnataka Theological College, Balmatta, Mangalore Allied Field-
- 7. Ms Anshima Fathima, III BA- Student Representative
- 8. Dr Denis Fernandes- Associate Professor, Department of History, St. Aloysius College, Mangalore.
- 9. Dr Vishanz Pinto- Chairperson.

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

By the end of the programme the students will be able to:

- 1. Learn a basic narrative of historical events in a specific region of the world in a specific time frame.
- 2. Articulate factual and contextual knowledge of specific places and times to make careful comparisons (Across time space and culture)
- 3. Have the ability to use bibliographical tools for the advanced study of history.
- 4. Understand and evaluate different historical ideas various arguments and point of view.
- 5. Develop an appreciation of themselves and of other through the study of the past in local, regional, national and global context.
- 6. Have an appreciation of the uniqueness of visual evidence and cultivate a particular skill of using visual evidence to understand human activity of the recent and distant past.

Semester 1

G101 DC1.1

DISCIPLINE CORE (DSC)-1

Course Title: Political History of Karnataka (BCE-3 to 10 CE) Part-1

Total Contact Hours: 39 to 42

Course Credits: 3

Formative Assessment Marks: 40

Duration of End Semester Assessment (ESA)/Exam: 60

Summative Assessment Marks:100

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student would be able to:

- Understand the continuity of political developments and strategies.
- Analyse the importance of causes for the rise of regional political dynasties.
- Understand contextual necessities which influenced the era of political supremacy.
- Understand and describe the contemporary political history. Appreciate the confluence of diverse political elements.

Content of Course 1	39/42 Hrs
Unit – 1 Introduction	13/14
Chapter No. 1 Survey of sources- Pre historic culture	04
Chapter No. 2 The Early Alupas- The Satavahanas – Kadambas	06
of Banavasi	
Chapter No. 3 The Gangas of Talakad - Durvineetha	04
Unit – 2 The Age of Empires	13/14

Chapter No. 4 . Chalukyas of Badami – Pulikesin – II	04
Chapter No. 5. The Rastrakutas – Amoghavarsha	04
Chapter No. 6. The Chalukyas of Kalyani - Vikramaditya VI-	06
Kalachuries of Kalyani– Bijalla-II	
Unit – 3 Formation of State	13/14
Chapter No. 7 Central And Provincial Administration.	12
Chapter No. 8. Map- The Chalukya Empire under Pulikesin - II	02
Places – Badami, Aihole, Pattadakal, Banavasi, Kanchipuram,	
Mahakuta, Alampur, Talakadu	

1. Basavaraja, K.R.(1984). *History and culture of Karnataka : Early times to Unification*, Dharwad : Chalukya Publications.

2. Desai, P.B. (1970). *History of Karnataka: From Pre-history to Unification*, Dharwad: Kannada Research Institute, Karnatak University.

3. Sreenivasa Murthy, H V and Ramakrishnan, R. (1977). *A History of Karnataka, from the Earliest Times to the Present Day*, S Chand.

4. Sheik Ali, B.&. Sundara, A. Ed.(2018). *Karnataka Charitre Volume I-7*, Hampi: Prasaranga Karnataka University.

5. Diwakar, R.R. (1968). *Karnataka Through the Ages: From Prehistoric Times to the Day of the Independence of India.*, Government of Mysore.

6. Chidananda Murthy ,M. (2015). Kannada Shasanagala Samskritika Adhyayana Chidananda Samagra Samputa 1, Sapna Book House.

7. Settar, S. (2014). *Halagannada: Lipi, Lipikara, Lipi Vyavasaya*, Bengaluru: Abhinava.

8. Kamath, Suryanatha. U. (2010). *A Concise History of Karnataka*, Bangalore: MCC Publications.

Semester 1

G101 DC2.1

DISCIPLINE CORE (DSC)-2

Course Title: CULTURAL HERITAGE OF INDIA

Total Contact Hours: 39 to 42

Course Credits: 3

Formative Assessment Marks: 40

Duration of ESA/Exam: 60

Summative Assessment Marks:100

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student would be able to:

- Provide an insight about an extensive survey of heritage of India
- Familiarize Indian history and culture
- Have an expertise to analyse further development of culture of India
- Analyse the factor responsible for origin and decline of culture
- Provide the opportunity to understand the process of cultural development

Content of Course 1	39/42
	Hrs
Unit – 1 Introduction	13/14

	10
Chapter No. 1 Meaning, Definition Historical Cultural Heritage-	10
Concepts, Characteristics-types of Indian Cultural Heritage: Oral and	
Written traditions.	
Chapter No. 2 Significance of fairs and festivals.	04
Unit – 2 Legends, Narratives and Cultural Ethos	13/14
Chapter No.3. Meaning, significance, forms and tradition of legends.	06
Ramayana and Mahabharata: Tradition of Cultural Heritage;	
Panchatantra, Jataka.	
Chapter No. 4. Traditional Performing Art, Folk dances and theatre:	08
Bharata Natya Shastra: The Source of Performing Indian Classical	
Arts and other Indian classical dances as cultural Heritage	
Unit – 3 Architecture and Built Heritage	13/14
Chapter No. 5. Important Monuments of India-Caves	08
Shore Temple (Mahabalipuram), Aihole. Badami, Pattadakal. Ajanta,	
Ellora	
Chapter No. 6. Important Monumental Centers of India Sarnath, Sanc	<mark>hi, Konark,</mark>
Khajuraho, Hampi, Vijayanagar, Taj Mahal, Red fort.	
Places of Historical importance : Delhi, Agra, Nalanda, Saranath	na, Sanchi,
Hampi, Badami, Mahabalipuram, Ajantha, Ellora, Prayaga,	Varanasi,
Rameshwaram, Dwaraka, Konark, Khajuraho	

Ī	1	Thapar, Romila. (2018). Indian Cultures as Heritage, Aleph		
	2	Achaya, K.T (1997). Indian Food: A Historical Companion, Oxford		
		University Press.		

3	Banga, Indu. Ed. (2005). The City in Indian History: Urban Demography,
	Society, and Politics, Manohar Publishers.
4	Basham, A.L. (1954). The Wonder that was India, London: Sidgwick &
	Jackson.
5	Biswas, Sachindra Sekhar. (1999). <i>Protecting the Cultural Heritage</i> , Aryan:
	Aryan Books International
6	Bose, Nirmal Kumar. (1967). Culture and Society in India, Asia Publishing
	House
7	Narayan, Shovana.(2004). The Sterling Book Of Indian Classical Dances,
	New Dawn Press.
8	Gokulsing, K. Moti. Ed. (2008). Popular Culture in a Globalized India,
	Routledge.
9	Mehta, Bhanu Shankar. (2011). Ramlila: Varied Respective, B R
	Publishing Corporation.
1	Rangacharya, Adya. (2003). The Natyasastra - English Translation with
0	Critical Notes, Munshiram Manoharlal.

Semester 1

G101 OE1.1

OPEN ELECTIVE (OE)-1

COURSE TITLE: CULTURAL HISTORY OF KARNATAKA (CE 3- CE 10) PART -1

Total Contact Hours: 39 to 42

Course Credits: 3

Formative Assessment Marks: 40

Duration of ESA/Exam: 60

Summative Assessment Marks:100

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student would be able to:

- Provide an insight about the cultural development of Karnataka.
- Familiarize Karnataka history and culture.
- Have an expertise to analyze further development of culture of Karnataka.
- Analyze the factors responsible for origin and decline of dynasties.
- Provide the opportunity to understand the process of cultural diversities.

Content of Course 1	39/42 Hrs
Unit – 1 Introduction	13/14
Chapter No. 1 Language and culture of Coastal Karnataka and	03
Kodagu	

Chapter No. 2 Alupa Land Grants	05
Chapter No. 3 Agriculture and Emergence of Agraharas –	06
Education	
Unit – 2 Social Conditions	13/14
Chapter No. 4.Caste Structure	06
Chapter No. 5. Conditions of Women	08
Unit – 3 Religion and Art	13/14
Chapter No. 6 Jainism and Buddhism in Karnataka.	04
Chapter No. 7. Saivism and Vaishnavism.	05
Chapter No. 9 Art and Architecture of Coastal Karnataka.	05

1	Settar, S. (2014). Halagannada: Lipi, Lipikara, Lipi Vyavasaya,	
	Bengaluru: Abhinava.	
2	Basavaraja, K.R.(1984). History and culture of Karnataka : Early times to	
	Unification,	
	Dharwad : Chalukya Publications.	
3	Sheik Ali, B.&. Sundara, A. Ed.(2018). Karnataka Charitre Volume I-7,	
	Hampi: Prasaranga Karnataka University.	
4	Desai, P.B. (1970). History of Karnataka: From Pre-history to Unification,	
	Dharwad: Kannada Research Institute, Karnatak University.	
5	Settar, S. (2017). Halagannada; Bhashe, Bhasha Vikasa, Bhasha	
	Bandhavya, Bengaluru: Abhinava.	
6	Chidananda Murthy , M. (2015). Kannada Shasanagala Samskritika	
	Adhyayana Chidananda Samagra Samputa 1, Sapna Book House.	
7	Rajashekara, S.(1985). Karnataka Architecture, Sujata Publications.	

8 Sastri, K.A. Nilakanta & Champalakshmi, R. (1997) A History of South India: From Prehistoric Times to the Fall of Vijayanagar, Oxford India Paperback

Semester 2 G101 DC1.2

DISCIPLINE CORE (DSC)-3

COURSE TITLE: POLITICAL HISTORY OF KARNATAKA (CE11-1750 CE) PART-2

Total Contact Hours: 39 to 42

Course Credits: 3

Formative Assessment Marks: 40

Duration of ESA/Exam: 60

Summative Assessment Marks:100

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student would be able to:

- Understand the rise and fall of Political dynasties in Karnataka.
- Familiarize with the patterns of administration.
- Analyze the traditional values and ethos of political development.
- Understand the rise and fall of regional variations.
- Study the complexities involved in polity of the time.

Content of Course	39/42 Hrs

Unit – 1 Introduction	13/14
Chapter No. 1 The Hoysalas - Vishnuvardhana	07
Chapter No. 2 Medieval Alupas	07
Unit – 2 Medieval Karnataka	13/14
Chapter No. 3. Vijayanagar – Dynasties	06
Chapter No. 4. The Bahamani States	05
Chapter No. 5. Regional Kingdoms during Vijayanagar.	03
Unit – 3 Post Vijayanagar	13/14
Chapter No. 6 Wodeyars of Mysore – Nayakas of	05
Chithradurga – Nayakas of Keladi	
Chapter No. 7. Minor Chieftains-Local Chieftains -	03
Chowtas	
Chapter No.8. Hyder Ali and Tippu Sulthan.	05
Chapter No.9.Map: The Vijayanagar empire.	01
Places- Hampi, Tanjavur, Mangalore, Barkur, Penukonda,	
Tirupati	

1. Basavaraja, K.R.(1984). *History and culture of Karnataka : Early times to Unification*,

Dharwad : Chalukya Publications.

2. Desai, P.B. (1970). *History of Karnataka: From Pre-history to Unification*, Dharwad: Kannada Research Institute, Karnatak University.

3. Stein, Burton. (2005). *The New Cambridge History of India: Vijayanagara*, Cambridge University Press

4. Ali, B. Sheik. (2018). *Ground Work of Karnataka History*, Mysore Book House.

5. Ali, B. Sheik. (2012). Cultural History Of Karnataka, Mysore Book House.

5. Rai, B. Vivek. Ed. (2005). *Pravasi Kanda Vijayanagara*, Hampi: Prasaranga Kannada Vishwa Vidya Nilaya Publications.

6. Yazdani, G. (1960). *The early History of the Deccan*, Oxford University Press.

7. Satyanarayana, A (1996) *History of the Wodeyars of Mysore, 1610-1748*, Karnataka: Directorate of Archaeology and Museums.

8. Hasan, Mohibul. (2005). *History of Tipu Sulthan*, Delhi: Aakar Books.

9. Mahalingam, T.V. (1940). Administration and Social Life Under Vijayanagara, Madras: University of Madras

10. Ramesh, K.V.(1970). *A history of South Kanara (from the earliest times to the fall of Vijayanagara)*, Dharwar: Karnatak University.

Semester 2

G101 DC2.2

DISCIPLINE CORE (DSC)-4

COURSE TITLE: CULTURAL HERITAGE OF KARNATAKA

Total Contact Hours: 39 to 42

Course Credits: 3

Formative Assessment Marks: 40

Duration of ESA/Exam: 60

Summative Assessment Marks:100

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student would be able to:

• Understand the concept of cultural heritage of Karnataka Study various cultural factors which influence the flow of culture

- Familiarize the factors which influenced in influencing culture and society
- Analyze the factors responsible for formation of pluralistic society
- Understand the concept "Unity in diversity".

Content of Course	39/42 Hrs
Unit – 1 Introduction	13/14
Chapter No. 1 Meaning, Definition and Concepts	07
Chapter No. 2 Characteristic features of Costal Karnataka and Kodagu	07
Unit – 2 Fairs, Festivals and Rituals-Daivaradhane	13/14
Chapter No. 3. Significance – Festivals - Fairs	09
Chapter No. 4. Legends and Narratives- Paddanas	05
Unit – 3 Performing Arts	13/14
Chapter No.5. Folk Dances and theatre- Yakshagana	07
Chapter No. 6 Architecture and Built Heritage	07

1. Achaya, K.T (1997).	Indian Food: A	Historical	Companion,	Oxford
University Press.				
2. Biswas, Sachindra Sekh	ar. (1999). Protect	ing the Cult	ural Heritage,	, Aryan:
Aryan Books Internation	al			

- 3. Bose, Nirmal Kumar. (1967). *Culture and Society in India*, Asia Publishing House
- 4. Narayan, Shovana.(2004). *The Sterling Book Of Indian Classical Dances*, New Dawn Press.

- 5. Prakash, H.S Shiva. (2007). Traditional Theatres, New Delhi: Wisdom Tree
- Reddy, Krishna. N. (2019).Cultural Heritage of South India, Delhi: Sharada Publishing House.
- 7. Kamath, Suryanatha. U. (2010). *A Concise History of Karnataka*, Bangalore: MCC Publications.
 - 8. Basavaraja, K.R.(1984). *History and culture of Karnataka : Early times to Unification*, Dharwad : Chalukya Publications.

Semester 2

G101 OE1.2

OPEN ELECTIVE (OE)-2

COURSE TITLE: CULTURAL HISTORY OF KARNATAKA (11 CE TO 1750 CE) PART - 2

Total Contact Hours: 39 to 42

Course Credits: 3

Formative Assessment Marks: 40

Duration of ESA/Exam: 60

Summative Assessment Marks:100

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student would be able to:

- Understand the concept of cultural heritage of Karnataka
- Study various cultural factors which influence the flow of culture
- Familiarize the factors which influenced in influencing culture and society
- Analyze the factors responsible for formation of pluralistic society
- Understand the concept "Unity in diversity".

Content of Course 1	39/42	
	Hrs	
Unit – 1 Introduction	13/14	
Chapter No. 1 Administration – Central and Provincial	05	
Chapter No. 2 Kingship – Duties of King – Governors - Warfare	04	
Chapter No. 3 Local Self Government – Village Administration	05	
Unit – 2 Society and Economy	13/14	
Chapter No. 4. Social Conditions – Society – Rituals and Customs	05	
Chapter No. 5. Economic Conditions – Agriculture	04	
Chapter No. 6. Trade and Commerce	05	
Unit – 3 Religion and Art	13/14	
Chapter No. 7 Bhakti Saints - Teaching and Philosophy – Sufism	05	
Chapter No. 8. Temple Architecture – Islamic Architecture	04	
Chapter No. 9 Painting		

- 1. Basavaraja, K.R.(1984). *History and culture of Karnataka : Early times to Unification*, Dharwad : Chalukya Publications.
- 2. Desai, P.B. (1970). *History of Karnataka: From Pre-history to Unification*, Dharwad: Kannada Research Institute, Karnatak University.
- 3. Hiremath, B.R. (1986). Karnataka Shasanagalalli Vartakaru, Dharwad.
 - 4. Tarikere, Rahamat. (2011). Karnatakada Sufigalu, Bangalore: Abhinava
 - Vasu, M.V. (2001). Dakshina Karnatakada Arasu Manethangalu, Hampi: Kannada University Prasaranga.
 - 6. Diwakar, R.R. (1968). *Karnataka Through the Ages: From Prehistoric Times to the Day of the Independence of India*, Government of Mysore.
 - 7. Kamath, Suryanatha. U. (2010). *A Concise History of Karnataka*, Bangalore: MCC Publications.

BA

Semester 3

DSC-5

Course Title: Political History of India (From Indus Culture to 1206 AD) Part 1		
Total contact Hours: 39-42	Course Credits: 3	
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Duration of ESA/Exam: 60	

Course Outcomes (Cos):

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At the end of the course the students should be able to:

- Understand the history and culture of Political History of India region.
- Analyse the importance of causes for backwardness of this region.
- Understand the influence of political influence on the people and culture of this region.
- Understand the political, Social, Religious and Cultural history of the region.

• Appreciate the divergent cultural and communal harmony of this region.

POLITICAL HISTORY OF INDIA (From Indus Culture upto 1206)

UNIT -1 Towards Civilization -Harappan and Vedic	
Civilization	
Chapter-I	6
Pre-Harappan cultures; - extension of the Harappan culture- features of the	
Harappan sites; Harappa, Mohenjodaro, Lothal, Dholavira, Kalibangan	
Chapter-II	6
Debate on the decline of Indus civilization, Debate on Harappan script:	
AiravathamMahadevan – AskoParpola	
Chapter-III	6
Vedic literatures and Archaeological evidences - PGW, NBPW- early tribal	
pastoral and agrarian society in the Gangetic Plains, Early and later Vedic polity	
UNIT -2 : Socio-Political Formations in the Indo - Gangetic Plains Natur	e of stat
Chapter-IV	6
republics	
Chapter-V	6
Material setting of the formation of Jainism and Buddhism ,From Mahajanapadas to the empire- domination of Magadha- foundation of Mauryan polity,	
Chapter-VI	5
Asokan Edicts and Megasthenees'sIndica, Arthasasthra and early Indiar	
treatise on the theory of state; Sapthanga – nature of Asoka's dhamma	
UNIT -3 :	
Chapter-VII	5
Chera, Chola and Pandya polity- Chalukyan polity -Guptha polity.	
Chapter -VIII	
Debates on Indian feudalism; R.S Sharma, Herbans-Mukhia-South Indian	
feudalism	
Chapter IV	5
Chapter -IX	

Essential Readings:

D.N Jha. Ancient India an Introductory Outline ShareenRatnagar. Understanding Harappa M.K Bhavalikar. Cultural Imperialism R.S. Sharma. India's Ancient Pasts Upinder Singh. A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India R.S. Sharma. Material Culture and Social formations in Ancient IndiaIndia's Ancient Past RomilaThappar. From Lineage to StateEarly India Upinder Singh. A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India

Semester 3

DSC-6

Course Title: Regional History - History of Coastal Karnataka and Coorg (From the beginning to 1799 A.D.)

Total contact Hours: 39-42	Course Credits: 3
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Duration of ESA/Exam: 60

Course Outcomes (Cos):

At the end of the course the students should be able to:

- Understand the history and culture of Tulunadu.
- Analyse the importance of causes for backwardness of this region.
- Understand the influence of political influence on the people and culture of this region.
- Understand the political, Social, Religious and Cultural history of the region.

• Appreciate the divergent cultural and communal harmony of this region.

History of Coastal Karnataka and Coorg

(From the beginning to 1799 A.D.)

Unit-1: Introduction

- a) Geographical Features of Coastal Karnataka and Coorg
- b) Palaeolithic Culture Mesolithic Culture Neolithic Culture
- c) Megalithic Culture Types of Megalithic Burials Grave goods Formation of Villages and Social life – Beliefs and Customs – Iron and tank irrigation.
- d) Rock Art Avalakki Pare Buddhanajeddu Gavali sites.

Unit -2: On set of Historical Period

- e) Maurya Shatavahana Kadamba's.
- f) Early Alupa's Aluvarasa I Chitravahana I Aluvarasa II Civil war
- g) Medieval Alupa's Kundavarma Jayasimha Kulasekhara I Kundana Ballamahadevi.
- h) Hoysala invations on Coastal Karnataka and Coorg.

Unit – 3: Rise of Vijayanagar Empire

- i) Chikkayi Tayi and Rise of Sangama Dynasty Governer's Banga Chiefs.
- j) Saluva's and Tuluva's Governer's and Bhairara's of Kalasa and Karkala
 Haduvalli Gerusoppe Chiefs Honneya Kambali's
- k) Araveedu Dynasty Nayakas of Keladi

Unit – 4: Rise of Hyder and Tippu

- 1) Anglo-Mysore war's Fall of Tippu
- m) Religious policy of Tippu
- n) Haaleri Dynasty Chikaveera rajendra Rajendra Name
- o) Foreign relations and Trade

Map Study: (Places of Historical importance)

Uppinangady, Mani, Kukkundur, Haradi,

Kotatattu, Gavali, Badagakajekaru, Konaje,

Kakkunje, Putturu, Uddandadka, Bailur,

Belman, Udyavara, Udupi, Mangalore, Barkur, Polali, Koteshwara, Hattiyangadi, Varanga, Dharmasthala, Subramanya, Moodubidri, Karkala, Venuru, Kadri, Bangady

BOOKS SUGGESTED:

- a) K. V. Ramesh, A History of South Kanara, 1975
- b) b. ", Tulunadina Itihasa, 1968
- c) K. V. Ramesh, and M. J. Sharma, Tulunadina Arasumanethanagalau mattu Dharma Samanvaya, 1985
- d) K. V. Ramesh, and M. J. Sharma, Tulunadina Sasanagalu.
- e) B.A. Saletore, Ancient Karantaka, Vol. I: History of Tuluva, 1936
- f) B.A. Saletore, Karnataka's Tans-Oceanic Contacts, 1956
- g) M. Ganapathi Rao, Aigal, Dakshina Kannada Jilleya Prachina Ithihasa.
- h) Gaovinda Pai, Samagra Barahagalu
- i) Gururaja Bhat, P, Studies in Tuluva History and Culture, 1975.
- j) -----, Antiquities of South Kanara, 1969.
- k) _____, Tulunadu, 1963.
- 1) W. R. D'Silva, From RTA to Dharma
- m) Kushalappa Gowda and Chinnappa Gowda K, Dakshina Kannada Jilleya Kaifiyattugalu, 1983.
- n) Chinnappa Gowda K, Bhutaradhane, 1993.
- o) Vasantha Madhava K.C., Religions in Coastal Karnataka, 1985.
- p) _____, Western Karnataka: its Agrarian Relations (1500-1800 A.D), 1991.
- q) Burnell A.C., The Devil Worship of the Tuluvas, 1888.
- r) J. Sturruck, U., Madras District Manuals of South Canara Vol. 1., 1894.
- s) H. A. Stuart, Madras District Manuals of South Canara Vol. 2., 1895

- t) C. N. Ramachandran, et. al, (ed.) Perspectives on Dakshina Kannada and Kodagu, 1991.
- u) Thurston, Castes and Tribes of Southern India, Vol V, 1909.
- v) B. S. Shastry, Studies in Indo Portuguese History, 1981.
- w) Danvers, Portuguese in India, (2 Volumes).

BA

OE-3 III Semester

Title of the Course: Freedom Movement in Karnataka (1800-1947)		
Total contact Hours: 39-42	Course Credits: 3	
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Duration of ESA/Exam: 60	

Course Outcomes (Cos):

At the end of the course the students should be able to:

- □ Understand the Freedom Movement in Karnataka (1800-1947)
- □ Analyse the importance of causes for the backwardness

of this region. Understand the influence of Freedom Movement in Karnataka (1800-1947)

- □ Understand the political, Social, Religious and Cultural history of the region.
- □ Appreciate the divergent cultural and communal harmony of this region.

Freedom Movement in Karnataka (1800-1947)

Content of Course	39/42	
1		
<mark>Unit – 1 Early Uprisings in Karnataka</mark>	12/13	
Chapter No.1 Dhondya Wagh, Venkatadri Nayaka, Koppala Veerappa,	05	
Deshmuks		
of Bidar, Shivalingaiah, Sindagi Revolt.		
Chapter No.2 Rani Chennamma-Sangolli Rayanna-Nagar Revolt-Kodagu	04	
Revolt		
Chapter No.3 1857 and After-Bedas of Halagali-Naragunda Babasaheb Revolt-	04	
Surapura Venkatappa Nayaka-Mundaragi Bheema Rao		
Unit – 2 <mark>Nationalism in Karnataka</mark>	13/14	
Chapter No.4 Nationalism-Causes for the Rise of Nationalism-Impact of Tilak-	05	
Chatrusutras-Gandhi in Karnataka-Belguam Congress1924		
Chapter No.5 Khadi Movement-Koujalagi Hanumantha Rao-Hallikeri	05	
Gudleppa-		
Tagaduru Ramachandra Rao		
Chapter No.6 Harijana Movement- Harijana Sevaka Sangha-Sardhar Veeranna		
Gowda Patil-Nagamma Patil-Siddamati Mylar		
<mark>Unit – 3 Gandhi Movements in Karnataka</mark>		
Chapter No.7 Non-Cooperation Movement-Salt Sathyagraha-Ankola-No Tax		
Campaign in Uttar Karnataka-Forest Sathyagraha.		
Chapter No.8 Genesis of Mysore Congress-Shivapura Dhwaja Sathyagraha-	05	
Vidurashwatha Tragedy-Patel Mirza Pact-Quit India Movement-Isooru		
Tragedy.	05	
Chapter No.9 Establishment of Responsible Government in Princely Mysore-		
Mysore Chalo Sathyagraha-First Congress Ministry-A Brief Profile of		
Karnataka Freedom Fighter.		

AUTHORS – BOOKS

- 1. Diwakar.R.R Karanirakaneya Veerakathe
- 2. Diwakar.R.R -Karmayogi Hanumantharayaru
- 3. Diwakar.R.R-Karnataka Through the Ages
- 4. Doreswamy.H.S-Horatada Ditta Hejjegalu
- 5. Hallappa G.S-History of Freedom Movement in Karnataka, Volume-2
- 6. Handa.R.L-History of Freedom Movement in Princely Mysore
- 7. Joyish M.N-Karmayogi Tagaduru Ramachandra Rayaru
- 8. Nagarathnamma.S-Karnatakadalli Asahakara Mattu Nagareeka Khanunubanga Chaluvali
- 9. Sardar Veerannagowda Patil-Atma Neevedane
- 10. Sarojini Sindri and Raghavendra Rao- Women Freedom Fighters in Karnataka
- 11. Suryanath Kamath (Ed)-Swatantrya Sangramada Samthigalu,
- 12. Suryanath Kamath-A Concise History of Karnataka
- 13. Tee. Tha. Sharma-Karnatakadalli Swatantra Sangrama
- 14. Veerathappa. K-Mysuru Samsthanadalli Swatantrya Chaluvali
- 15. Veerathappa. K-Readings in Modern History of Mysore Vol-1,2,3

BA

Semester 4

DSC-7

Title of the Course: Political History of India (History of		
Medieval India AD 1206 -1761) Part-2		
Total contact Hours: 39-42Course Credits: 3		
Formative Assessment Marks: 40 Duration of ESA/Exam: 60		

Course Outcomes (Cos):

At the end of the course the students should be able to:

- Understand the Political History Medieval India (from 1206 to 1761). Analyse the importance of causes for backwardness of this region.
- Understand the influence of Political History Medieval India (from 1206 to 1761).
- Understand the political, Social, Religious and Cultural history of the region.
- Appreciate the divergent cultural and communal harmony of this region.

History of Medieval India	(Political History	of India (AD 1206	-1761) Part-2)
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Content of Course 1		39/42 Hours	
Unit -1 I	nterpreting Medieval Indian History	14	
Chapter	Interpreting Medieval Indian History	2	
No. 1			
Chapter	Debate on Indian Feudal System	6	
No. 2			
Chapter No. 3	 Interpretation of Peasant State and Society of Medieval India – North India & South India – Agrarian System of Mughal and Vijayanagara Period. Bhakti Movement – Kabir, Nanak, Meera Bai, Sri Chaithanya – Alvars, Nainars. 	6	
Unit -2 P	olitical Structure of Medieval Northern India and	14	

Southern	India		
Chapter No. 4	Comparative study of Vijayanagara Polity, Delhi Sultanate and Mughals – process of Urbanization in Mughals and Vijayanagara period		
Chapter No. 5	Nature of state in Vijayanagara Kingdom, Delhi Sultanate and Mughal dynasties	6	
Chapter No. 6	Military Technology of Mughals and Vijayanagara dynasties – Development of Science & Technology in Medieval India		
Unit -3 Mi	Unit -3 Minor Kingdoms of North India		
Chapter	Rajaputs, Gurjara Pratiharas, Palas, Paramaras	6	
No. 7			
Chapter No. 8	Vijayanagara dynasy – Amaranayaka System – Creation of Wealth.	6	
Chapter No. 9	The rise of the Marathas – Shivaji and his administration – Astha Pradhana System Map Extent of Vijayanagara Empire under Krishnadevaraya, Extent of Mughal Empire under Akbar, Important trade Centers of Medieval India : 1. Agra 2. Fatehpur Sikri 3. Delhi 4. Mewar 5. Hampi 6. Honnavara 7. Bhatkal 8.Raighad 9.Tirupati 10. Anegondi	4	

1. Anil Chandra Banarjee History of India 2. S.C.Rayachoudhary History of Medieval India (From 1000-1707 C.E.) 3. Sarkar, Jadunath Shivaji and his Times 4. Sharma S.R. Mughal Administration 5. Tripathi R.P. Rise and Fall of Mughal Empire Cambridge History of India Vo. IV 6. Wolseley Haig and Richard Burn Mughal Kingship and Nobility 7. Khosala, R.P. 8. Srivastav A.L. Mughal Empire 9. A.C.Banarjee New History of Medieval India 10. Satish Chandra History of Medieval India The State and Society in Northern 11. Banerjee A.C. India (1206 -1526 C.E.) Maharashtra in the Age of Shivaji 12. Kulkarni A.R. 13. R.C.Majumdar (Ed.) The Delhi Sultanate 14. R.C.Majumdar (Ed.) The Mughal Empire

BA

Semester 4

DSC-8

Course Title: Cultural History of India (From Saraswati - Indus Culture to		
1206 CE).		
Total contact Hours: 39-42Course Credits: 3		
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Duration of ESA/Exam: 60	

Course Outcomes (Cos):

At the end of the course the students should be able to:

- Understand the History of Cultural History of India (From Saraswati -Indus Culture to 1206 CE). Analyse the importance of causes for backwardness of this region.
- Understand the influence of History of Cultural History of India (From Saraswati Indus Culture to 1206 CE).
- Understand the political, Social, Religious and Cultural history of the region.
- Appreciate the divergent cultural and communal harmony of this region.

BA

Semester 4

CULTURAL HISTORY OF INDIA (From Saraswati - Indus culture to 1206 CE)

CONTENT OF COURSE	42 HOUR S
UNIT-I Indian Culture: An Introduction	
CHAPTER-1	06
Characteristics of Indian culture.	
CHAPTER-2	06
Significance of Geography on Indian Culture.	

CHAPTER-3	06
Religion and Philosophy in India: Ancient Period: Pre-Vedic and	
Vedic Religion, Buddhism and Jainism, Indian philosophy.	
UNIT-II A Brief History of Indian Arts and Architecture	
CHAPTER-4	05
Indian Languages and Literature – Nagari – Devanagari, Grantha	
– Dravidian languages – Kannada.	
CHAPTER-5	03
Evolution of script and languages in India: Harappan Script and	
Brahmi Script.	
CHAPTER-6	04
Short History of the Sanskrit literature: The Vedas, and Upanishads	
, Epics: Ramayana and Mahabharata - History of Buddhist and Jain	
Literature in Pali, Prakrit.	
UNIT-IIIART&ARCHITECTURE	
CHAPTER-7	04
Indian Art & Architectures Condhans School and Mathurs School of	
Indian Art & Architecture: Gandhara School and Mathura School of	
Art; - Hindu Temple Architecture, Buddhist Architecture- Indian	
Painting Tradition: ancient painting at Ajantha.	
CHAPTER-8	04
Performing Arts: Divisions of Indian classical music: Hindustani and	
Carnatic, -Dances of India: Various Dance forms: Classical and	
Regional,	
CHAPTER-9	04
Indian Culture in South East Asia	

1. Gore, M. S., Unity in Diversity: The Indian Experience in Nation-Building, Rawat Publication, Jaipur, 2002.

- 2. Kabir, Humayun N, National Information and Publications Ltd., Mumbai, 1946.
- 3. Malik, S. C., Understanding Indian Civilisation : A Framework of Enquiry, Indian Institute of Advanced Study, Simla, 1975.
- 4. Mukerji, D. P., Sociology of Indian Culture, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 1948/1979.
- 5. Pandey, Govind Chandra, Foundations of Indian Culture, Books and Books, New Delhi, 1984.

BA - IV SEMESTER OPEN ELECTIVE

OE-4

Course Title: Freedom Movement in India (1885-1947)		
Total contact Hours: 39-42	Course Credits: 3	
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Duration of ESA/Exam: 60	

Course Outcomes (Cos):

At the end of the course the students should be able to:

- Understand the History of Freedom Movement in India (1885-1947). Analyse the importance of causes for backwardness of this region.
- Understand the influence of History of Freedom Movement in India (1885-1947).
- Understand the political, Social, Religious and Cultural history of the region.
- Appreciate the divergent cultural and communal harmony of this region.

Freedom Movement in India (1885-1947)

Content of Course -1	39/42 Hrs
Unit – 1 Indian Nationalism	12/14
Chapter No.1 Genises of Indian National Congress-Moderate- Objectives- Techniques-Partion of Bengal-Swadeshi Movement	05
Chapter No.2 Split of Congress-Extremists-Objectives-Techniques, Lalalajpat Ray- Balagandharanatha Tilak-Bipan Chandra Pal-Arabindo Ghosh	05

Chapter No.3 Revolutionary Movement-Bhagat Singh-Chandra Sheker Azad- Rajaguru, Sukh Dev. Revolutionary Women-Kumudini Mitra Busu – Madam Bhikaji Cama – Preethi Latha Waddedar	
Unit – 2 1914 and After	10/12
Chapter No.4 First World War and Indian Nationalism	04
Chapter No.5 Home Rule Movement-Balagangadharanatha Tilak and AnniBesant	03
Chapter No.6 Lucknow Pact-1916-Rowllet Act-Jalliyanwala Bagh Massacre	04
Unit – 3 Gandhian Era	15/17
Chapter No.7 Early Experiments of Gandhi-Non Co-operation Movement- Constructive Programmes-Swaraj Party-Simon Commission	06
Chapter No.8 Lahore Congress-Salt Sathyagraha-Round Table Conference- Communal Award-Poona Pact-Subaschandra Bose- INA	06
Chapter No.9 Partion and Independence: Growth of Communalism Two Nation Theory-August offer-Crips Proposal-Quit India Movement-Cabinet Mission-Mount Batten Plan-1947 Indian Independence Act.	05

- 1. Asharani- Gandhian Non-Violence and Indian Freedom Struggle
- 2. Bipan Chandra- Indian Struggle for Independence
- 3. Bipan Chandra-Communalism and Modern India
- 4. Bukshi S.R-Gandhi and Dandi March
- 5. Dominique Larry Collins-Freedom at Midnight
- 6. Judith M Brown-Gandhi's Rise to Power, Indian Politics 1915-22
- 7. Lakshmi Jain- History of Freedom Movement in India
- 8. Moulana Abdul Khalam Azad-India Wins Freedom
- 9. Richard Sesan and Sekhar Bandyopadhyay- Congress and Indian Nationalism -From Plassey to Partion Senley Wolfort

- 10.Shankara Narayana Rao V.S-Swatantrada Guri Bharatada Dari
- 11.Shankara Narayana Rao V.S-Swatantraya Gangeya Savira Toregalu
- 12.Subas Chndra Bose-The Indian Struggle
- 13.Sumit Sarkar-Modern India
- 14. Tharachand- History of the Freedom Movement in India

5.1 DSC-9, History of Western Civilization-(6BC-1200AD)

Course Outcome:

At the end of the course the students should be able to:

- 1. Have an overview of Western Civilization to the students through which they could understand the development of Civilization in other parts of the World as well as how the western societies have evolved.
- They would have the knowledge on World Civilization and antiquities of Modern World order.
- 3. They would have insights on general knowledge of all civilizations for the understanding of mankind.

UNIT-I

THE FIRST MILLENNIUM ANTIQUITY (500 BC - AD 500) GREECE

500-320 BC: THE RISE AND FALL OF HELLAS. (Ancient Greece) 320 BC-AD 150: THE PERIOD OF HELLENISTIC CULTURE

ROME

500-30 BC: THE ROMAN REPUBLIC

30 BC-478AD: THE ROMAN EMPIRE

UNIT-II

THE SECOND MILLENNIUM (500-1500)

500-900: THE DARK AGES

30-500: ROMAN PRELUDE (Downfall of the Roman Empire)

500-900: THE ROMAN CHURCH AND THE FRANKISH RULERS

UNIT-III

900-1250: THE HIGH MIDDLE AGES

THE HOLY ROMAN EMPIRE

ECONOMIC GROWTH, CULTURE AND PHILOSOPHY

LATE MIDDLE AGES

1250-1500: THE LONG DECLINE: DEMOCRATIC COLLAPSE, POLITICAL INSTABILITY AND RELIGIOUS UPHEAVALS

Books Suggested:

- Brian A. Pavlac, A Concise Survey of Western Civilization: Supremacies and Diversities throughout History, Prehistory to 1500- Rowman & Littlefield, India, 2023.
- 2. Chuck Paprocki & Tom Paprocki, The Untold Story of Western Civilization Vol. 2: The Age of Warrior Kings, Inner world Publications, 2019
- **3. James Harvey Robinson and James Henry Breasted**, History of Europe, Ancient and Medieval: Earliest Man, the Orient, Greece and Rome, Palala Press, 2018
- 4. Stuart Piggott, Ancient Europe, Routledge; 1st edition, 2007
- 5. Oswyn Murray, Early Greece, Harvard University Press, 2010

6. Michael Crawford, The Roman Republic, Fontana Press, 2011

5.2 DSC-10, Colonialism and Nationalism in Asia (1900-1970)

Course Outcome:

At the end of the course the students should be able to:

- 1. Have an overview of Colonialism and Nationalism in Asia to the students through which they could understand the imperialism of the Western countries on Asia
- 2. Have the knowledge on how nationalism sprang up to meet the colonial challenges and western exploitation.
- 3. Have insights on general knowledge of Asian societies and how they fought for their rights and self determination

Unit-I

Definition and Meaning of Colonialism and Nationalism.

China- Advent of Europeans- Rise of Nationalism- Dr Sun-Chiang Kai Shek-Mao-Tse Tung- communism

Unit -II

Philippines- Spanish rule (1521–1898) American rule (1898–1946) and Japanese occupation (1941–1946)

Indonesia- The Dutch- Rise of Nationalism- Vietnam- French- Communism and Ho Chi Minh

Unit -III

Iran- Anglo- Russian Interests- Fall of the Kajars- Reza Shah Pahlavi-

Afghanistan-English-Nadir Shah- Zaheer Shah

Arab Nationalism- Rise of Nationalism- Emergence of Saudi Arabia, Jordan, Iraq

Books Suggested:

- 1. K.M.Panikkar, Asia and Western Dominance, London, 1953.
- 2. Harold M. Vinacke, A History of the Far East in Modern Times, London, 1960.
- 3. C.H. Clyde, The Far East, New York, 1948
- 4. Nathaniel Peffer, The Far East, New Delhi, 1985.
- 5. D.G.E. Hall, The South-East Asia, London, 1964.
- 6. Sardesai, South-East Asia, Delhi, 1992.
- 7. Khoo Kye Kim, History of South, South-East and East-Asia, New Delhi, 1982.
- 8. Starling T., Cambridge History of South-East Asia, London, 1995.
- 9. S.N. Fisher, *The Middle East: A History*, London, 1960.
- 10. Phillip Hitti, The Arabs London 1978
- 11. Anthony Nutting, *The Arabs*, New York, 1965.
- 12. Willian Yale, The Near East, New Delhi, 1992.
- 13. Kirk, George, A History of the Middle East, New Delhi, 1990.
- 14.B.V. Rao, Modern Asia, Sterling Publishers.

Course Title: European History

Course Objectives:

To understand and analyse the European History. Major events of European History like the French Revolution, Nationalism in Germany and Italy, the First World and the like and their impact on the world.

Learning Outcome:

• Analyse the concepts such as equality, liberty and fraternity.

• Understand the emergence of National spirit leading to national unity. Industrial Revolution and its impact on the society all over the world.

• Understand colonialism and its background and its consequences.

Unit	Contents of Course-DSC-10	60 Hours
Unit-I	The French Revolution and Nag	poleonic Era (1789-1815)

Chapter-1: The causes of French Revolution – The consequences of Revolution

Chapter-2: Napoleon rise to power - Creation of Empire

Chapter-3: The Continental system - The fall of Napoleon15 HoursUnit-IIThe Concert of Europe (1815-1830)Chapter-4: The Congress of Vienna

Chapter-5: Metternich's Era

Chapter-6: The Concert of Europe and Congress System Balance of Power 15 Hours

Unit-III Forces of Continuity and Change in Europe (1815-1848)

Chapter-7: Nationalism – Liberalism - Romanticism

Chapter-8: Socialism - Industrial Revolution

Chapter-9: Colonialism -Consequences15 HoursUnit-IVThe Eastern Question (1804-1856)

Chapter-10: The nature of the Eastern question

Chapter-11: The Crimean War

Chapter-12: Russo Turkish War 1877 - Consequences 15 Hours

Suggested Readings and References

- 1 A History of Modern Europe (1789-1991) H.L. Peacock,
- 2 The Struggle for Mastery in Europe: 1848-1918 A.J.P Taylor
- 3 The Cold War: Ideological Conflict or Power Struggle Normali A. Grabener
- 4 The USSR: A Share History Vladimir Polrtayen,
- 5 Development in Russian Politics Stephen White
- 6 Mastering Modern European History Stuart Miller,
- 7 A Text Book of European History by Southgate, G.W.
- 8 Aspects of European History 1789-1980. Stephen J. Lee
- 9 Europe Since Napoleon Thompson, D
- 10 European Union: European politics. Tim Bale.

Course Title: Contemporary History of India from 1947- 1990s

Course Objectives:

This paper will discuss the political legacies of colonialism in India. After studying this lesson, the students will be able to:

• know the meaning of legacy of Colonialism

• understand the legacy of Colonialism.

- assess the political legacy of Colonialism.
- identify the important legacies in the form of political legacy of British Colonialism in India.

Learning Outcome:

• Analyse the main theories and interpretations on Contemporary History of India from 1947-1990s

• Analyse the dynamics and dimensions in the Contemporary History of India from 1947-1990s

Unit Contents of Course- DSC-11 60 Hours

Unit-I Chapter-1: Political legacy of Colonialism.

Chapter-2: Economic and Social Legacy of Colonialism.

Chapter-3: National movements: Its significance, Value and Legacy 15 Hours Unit-II Chapter-4: Framing of Indian Constitution - Constituent Assembly – Draft Committee Report – declaration of Indian Constitution, Indian constitution- Basic Features and Institutions Chapter-5: The Initial Years: Process of National Consolidation and Integration of /Indian States – Role of Sardar Patel – Kashmir issue, Indo – Pak war 1948; the Linguistic Reorganization of the States, Regionalism and Regional Inequality.

Chapter-6: Political development in India since Independence. 15 Hours

Unit-III

Chapter-7: Politics in the States: Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh, Assam, West Bengal and Jammu and Kashmir, the Punjab Crisis.

Chapter-8: The Post-Colonial Indian State and the Political Economy of Development : An Overview

Chapter-9: Foreign policy of India since independence. 15 Hours

Unit-IV

Chapter-10: Indian Economy, 1947-1965: the Nehruvian Legacy Indian Economy, 1965-1991, Economic Reforms since 1991 and LPG.

Chapter-11: Caste, Untouchability, Anti-caste Politics and Strategies, Revival and Growth of Communalism.

Chapter-12: Land Reforms: Zamindari Abolition and Tenancy Reforms, Ceiling and the Bhoodan Movement, Cooperatives and an Overview, Agriculture Growth and the Green Revolution And Agrarian Struggles Since Independence 15 Hours

Suggested Readings and References

1 South Indian Studies : Ed. By Dr.H. M. Nayak & B.R. Gopal

- 2 History of South India : K.A. Neelakantha Sastry
- 3 Karnataka Through the Ages R. R. Diwakar
- 4 Karnataka Samskriti Darshana M.V. Krishna Rao and T. Keshava Bhat
- 5 Karnataka Parampare Ed. By R. R. Diwakar
- 6 Dakshina Bharatada Ithihasa B. Sheik Ali G. R. Rangaswamaiah
- 7 Karnataka Samskritika Ithihasa Tipperudraswamy
- 8 Karnatakadalli Chitrakale Shivarama Karantha
- 9 Karnataka Parampare Ed. By R. R. Diwakar
- 10 Bharatiya Rangabhoomi Adya Rangachary

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Sixth Semester

Course Title: HISTORY OF FREEDOM MOVEMENT AND UNIFICATION IN KARNATAKA

Course Objectives:

The course will study the freedom movement in the state of Karnataka. They will also study the Unification movement which was simultaneously going on in the Kannada region. Students will understand how regional freedom and unification movements were going on simultaneously leading to regional identity and nationalism in India. This is a case study of one of the states in the southern part of India

Learning Outcome

- To get familiarized with impact of the rebellion of 1857 on Karnataka
- To get acquainted with National Movement in Karnataka

• To know about Belgaum Congress Session

• To understand about Origin and development of unification movement in Karnataka 5. To know about Contributions of Various Kannada Organizations

Unit Contents of Course- DSC-12 60 Hours

Unit-I Chapter-1: Introduction: Historical background, The disintegration of Karnataka and absorption of Karnataka areas into Madras, Bombay provinces and Hyderabad state Armed Resistances against the British rule in Karnataka Revolt of Veerappa Deshmukh of Kappa in 1819.

Chapter-2: Rani of Kittur 1824, Sangoli Rayanna (1829-30), Nagar revolt of 1830-Resistance in Kodagu.

Chapter-3: The impact of the rebellion of 1857 on Karnataka Bedars of Halagali against Anti arms Act. 15 Hours Unit-II Chapter-4: Venkatappa Nayaka of Surapura, Babasaheb of Naragunda, Bhima rao of Mundargi - effects of the Struggle.

Chapter-5: The National Movement in Karnataka - Early activities the response to Swadeshi and Non-Cooperation Movements in Karnataka-Influence of Tilak and Gandhi.

Chapter-6: Belgaum Congress Session (1924) Satygraha campaigns in Karnataka
(1930-34) 15 Hours
Unit-III
Chapter-7: Quit India Movement in Karnataka-its effects

Chapter-8: Movement for Responsible Government in Princely Mysore state.

Chapter-9: Origin and development of unification movement in Karnataka: Factors responsible for unification Movement: 15 Hours Unit-IV

Chapter-10: Views of different Committees on the issue ((Dhar, JVP, SRC): Contributions of Various Kannada Organizations

Chapter-11: The Kannada Renaissance role of Kannada literature and Journalism in bringing about Karnataka Consciousness

Chapter-12: The ultimate move towards the formation of Karnataka. 15 Hours

Suggested Readings and References

- 1 S.Chandrashekahar Karnataka Ekikaranada Charitre
- 2 R.R.Diwakar Karnataka through the ages
- 3 P.B.Desai History of Karnataka
- 4 G.S.Halappa History of Freedom Movement in Karnataka
- 5 Basavaraja.K.R. History of Karnataka
- 6 K. Veerathappa Studies in Karnataka History and Culture.
- 7 James Manor Political change in an Indian State Mysore 1917-
- 8 M.Shamarao 1955 Modern Mysore (2 vols.)
- 9 H.S. Gopal Rao Karnataka Ekikaranada Ithihasa

Course Title: History of India. (CE1761-CE 1857)

Course Objectives:

This course is designed to • Student will be able to formulate basis of modern India through different concepts like modernity, Rule of Law etc • Students will be able to analyze the process of rise modern India and its foundation made by Social reformer and freedom fighters. • Students will be able to analyze social background of Indian Nationalism • Students will be able to categorize different school of thoughts about Modern India history • Students will be able to illustrate rise and growth of Economic Nationalism in India.

Learning Outcome

At the end of the course the students shall –

• Be in a position to understand the Dynamics of expansion, with special reference to Bengal, Mysore, Awadh, Punjab.

• Be familiar with Land revenue systems- Permanent, Ryotwari and Mahalwari system, Commercialization of Agriculture- Consequences.

• Be in a position to understand the Drain of Wealth-causes and consequences, Growth of modern industry.

Unit Contents of Course- DSC-13 60 Hours

Unit-I Chapter-1: Indian Polity, Society and Economy in mid8th century. Mercantile Policies and Indian Trade.

Chapter-2: Colonial Expansion-I-Bengal and Punjab. Colonial Expansion II-Mysore and Marathas.

Chapter-3: Imperial Ideologies and Psyche: Orientalists Construction of India and the Utilitarians 15 Hours

Unit-II

Chapter-4: British Administration and Law. The Spread of English Education.

Chapter-5: The New Land Settlements.

Chapter-6: Commercialization of Agriculture. 15 Hours Unit-III

Chapter-7: Deindustrialization – British Industrial Policy

Chapter-8: Economic Impact of the Colonial Rule.

Chapter-9: Social Discrimination and Colonial Rule15 HoursUnit-IVChapter-10: Tribal and Peasant Movements in Colonial India

Chapter-11: Revolt of 1857

Chapter-12: The Beginnings of Indentured Labour – Labour Movements in Colonial India. 15 Hours

Suggested Readings and References

1 Bandopadhyaya, Sekhara (2004), From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India, Orient Blackswan.

2 Bayly, C.A. (1988), Indian Society and The Making of British Empire, Cambridge University Press

3 Bhatia, B. M. (1967), Famines in India, Asia Publishing House.

4 Brown, Judith M. (1972), Gandhi's Rise to Power: Indian Politics, 1915-1922, Cambridge University Press. 5 Chandra, Bipan, (2010), Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India, Har Anand

6 Chaudhuri, B.B. (2008), Peasant History of Late Pre-Colonial and Colonial India, Pearson Education.

7 Gadgil, D. R. (1939), Industrial Evolution of India Marshal, P.J. (ed.) : Eighteenth Century in Indian History,Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2007

8 Hasan, Mushirul (1991), Nationalism and Communal Politics in India: 1885-1932, Manohar.

Course Title: Process of Urbanization in India

Course Objectives:

• They should understand that the urban centres due to their production and mercantile activities.

• They should be able to understand the historical process of urbanization.

Learning Outcome:

• Enable students to critically engage with the concept of urbanization through both texts and audio-visual media. • Help to connect with the earliest planned urban settlements.

• Enable students to understand that they are the engines of economic growth.

• They should understand that they are centres of innovation, knowledge and political power.

Unit-IChapter-1:Introduction– Urbanization– DefinitionUrbanization in India – A historical perspective – process of Urbanization.

Chapter-2: Classification of traditional towns- a) trading Town, b) Manufacturing Towns – Military Towns

Chapter-3: Features of Urbanization in Ancient India. 15 Hours Unit-II Chapter-4: First phase of Urbanization Indus Valley civilization

Chapter-5: Importance of cities – Harappa – mohanjadaro Dolavira- Chanhudaro - Lothal

Chapter-6: Features of Urbanization – City Planning – Agricultural Surplus – bronze tools – Growth of trade – Crafts 15 Hours Unit-III Chapter-7: Second phase of Urbanization – 6th BC

Chapter-8: Northern India - Mohanjadaro period – Ganga Yamuna basin.

Chapter-9: Sangam age in Southern India – Amaravathi paithan Nagarjuna konda
– Kaveri pattanam – Madurai. 15 Hours
Unit-IV Chapter-10: Types of Traditional towns in second phase

Chapter-11: Capital city – Rajadhani nagara – Pataliputra Mahanagara – Hasthinapura- Mathura – vaishah – Nigana- pattana.

Chapter-12: Layout of a city in ancient India 15 Hours

Suggested Readings and References

1. G.J. Sudhakar, G. Balaji, URBANISATION IN INDIAN HISTORY, 2018, C.P.R. Publications; (First edition).

2. Bimalendu Bhattacharya, Urban Development in India, 2006, Concept Publishing Co

3. Stafford Holmes , Michael Wingate, Building with Lime: A practical introduction, 2002 Practical Action Publishing. (2nd edition)

4. Dipsikha Sahoo, Urbanization in India During the British Period (1857–1947),2022, Routledge.

5.Eric Denis and Marie-Hélène Zérah, SUBALTERN URBANISATION IN INDIA, An Introduction to the Dynamics of Ordinary Towns, 2021, Springer India

6. Deepali Barua, Urban History of India, Mittal Publications, 1994

7.V. K Chavda (ed), Studies in Trade and Urbanisation in Western India (An Old and Rare Book), Exotic India Art.

 Yogesh Sharma, Pius Malekandathil (ed), Cities in Medieval India, Primus Books (First Edition), 2019

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5.3 DSE-1, History of Tourism in India

Course Outcome:

At the end of the course the students should be able to:

- 1. Have the knowledge of the tourism potential in the country and how history of the country is an essential ingredient in it. The rich heritage of Indian culture and the need to preserve it and benefit from it is emphasised.
- 2. Knowledge of the history of tourism and the inter connections from the point of view of competitive exams. They would be also be ready to face interviews on current events/tourism issues.

Unit I:

Tourism-Concept and Meaning – Nature-Scope-Types of Tourism-Tourism as an Industry-Socio- Economic impact of Tourism-History of tourism development in India

Unit II:

History and Culture as tourism products-Monuments, Religious and Secular-Historical Sites-Historical and cultural events-Impact of tourism development on Protection and conservation of Historical Monuments and Sites- National Parks and Wild Life Sanctuaries of India. - Festivals of India.

Unit III

Tourism and Karnataka: Historical Sites -World Heritage Sites -Hampi -Pattadakal- Adventure Tourism - Beaches Resorts- Wild Life Sanctuaries in Karnataka Prospects of Tourism in Karnataka

KSTDC –Establishment –Aims & Objective-Activities Facilities –Jungle Lodge and Resorts, Home Stays

Books Suggested:

- A.K. Bhatia, International Tourism Management, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 2011
- 2. D.S Bharadwaj and Others (Ed), Domestic Tourism in India, Indus Publishing company, New Delhi, 1998
- 3. K Vijaya Babu (Ed), Tourism in India, Zenon Academic Publishing, Hyderabad, 2014.
- 4. Kevin Hannam, Anya Diekmann, Tourism and India: A Critical Introduction, Routlege, 2011
- Pran Nath Seth, Sushma Sheth Bhat, An Introduction to Travel and Tourism – Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 1998

 Rabindra Seth, Tourism in India- An Overview, Kalpaz Publications, New Delhi, 2005

5.6. VOC- Principles of Field Study

Course Outcome:

At the end of the course the students should be able to:

- 1. Have the knowledge of research to students and how to go about it.
- 2. They would understand the various thesis prepared by scholars about various subjects so that they understand the intricacies and complexities of societies in general.

Unit I:

Research Methodology- Meaning and Significance

Conducting Field Research

Unit II:

Field notes- Kinds of field Notes- Jot Notes-Field Notes Proper-Methodological Notes-Journals and Diaries-

Interviewing

Unit III:

Field Studies Across Disciplines- Case studies in Anthropology

Biology- Ecology- Archaeology, Economics, Law, Management.

Books Suggested

- 1. Frank Bechhofer and Lindsay Paterson, **Principles of Research Design in the Social Sciences** (Social Research Today), Routledge; 1st edition 2000.
- Gretchen B Rossman, Sharon F Rallis, An Introduction to Qualitative Research: Learning in the Field, SAGE Publications, Inc; Fourth edition, 2016

- Celia Lury, Rachel Fensham, Alexandra Heller-Nicholas, Routledge Handbook of Interdisciplinary Research Methods (Routledge International Handbooks) Routledge; 1st edition, 2020.
- Clive Seale, Researching Society and Culture, SAGE Publications Ltd; Fourth edition, 2017
